

Your guide to making a personal injury claim



The Law Society

Claiming compensation

Over three million people are injured in accidents each year - at home, in their cars, at work, or outdoors. In many cases, someone else or something else is at fault and the accident victims have a right to compensation.

Although personal injury law is complicated, with the help of a solicitor the process of making a claim can be quite straightforward. Many solicitors offer a free initial consultation and will be able to tell you if you have a justifiable claim.

Finding a solicitor

If you don't already have a solicitor, visit our website at www.lawsociety.org.uk/findasolicitor and search under 'Personal Injury' to find a solicitor in your area. You may want to instruct a member of the Solicitors Regulation Authority's personal injury accreditation scheme. The Solicitors Regulation Authority is the independent regulator (set up by the Law Society) which sets the rules that all solicitors must follow. You can find details about this scheme on the website, or you can call 0870 606 2555.

If you have legal expenses insurance (often included in home or motor insurance policies) or you are a member of a trade union, you should contact the insurance company or trade union before choosing your own solicitor. They may prefer to choose a solicitor to act for you.

What your solicitor needs from you

To establish the details of your case, a solicitor will need to know:

- the date of the accident and where and how it happened;
- the contact details for any witnesses;
- the details of your injuries, medical diagnosis and treatment; and
- whether you are a member of a trade union, as this may entitle you to free or reduced-cost legal representation.

The solicitor may also need to see:

- proof of your loss of earnings and other financial expenses which are the result of your injury;
- documents relating to any insurance policies you have (such as household or motor insurance) to check whether these will cover the legal costs of your claim; and
- any documents that can be used to support your claim, including documents from before your accident or any evidence of previous accidents in similar circumstances.

How your solicitor can help

Once you have explained the circumstances of your injury in detail, your solicitor will be able to judge:

- how likely your case is to succeed; and
- how much you might be able to claim in compensation.

They will also explain to you the legal processes involved in

taking your claim further. And they will discuss with you exactly how you will fund your case. Don't be afraid to take notes, and make sure you ask your solicitor to send you a letter summarising the advice they have given you. This letter should confirm:

- that the solicitor is happy to take your case on;
- the name and status of the solicitor or other person in the firm who will be your main day-to-day contact;
- how long the process is likely to take and arrangements for progress reports;
- how you are funding the case, an estimate of your costs and any agreed spending limits;
- when you might have to pay the solicitor's costs and when you might have to pay the defendant's costs (see 'Costs');
- details of any more information you need to provide; and
- what you should do if, for any reason, you are not happy about the way your case is progressing.

Making your claim

The first step your solicitor will take is to send a claim letter to the defendant. This sets out the details of your injury and the circumstances in which it took place. If you need an expert opinion to support your claim - from a doctor, for example - your solicitor will suggest a relevant specialist.

The person you are holding responsible for your accident (the 'defendant') then has to investigate and reply to the letter within a fixed period - usually no more than three months. In their reply they must say whether they accept or deny liability for your injury. If they accept liability, your solicitor will try to settle the matter out of court.

Making an offer

Your solicitor will tell you what they think the value of your claim is. They may also ask you to give an indication of the level of compensation you are prepared to accept, and whether you want to make an 'offer to settle' for that amount. This is known as a 'Part 36 offer'. Your solicitor will tell you whether you should make a Part 36 offer and how this would affect you.

If the respondent 'responds reasonably' to this offer and a figure is agreed, the matter can be settled without going to court. In some situations, the respondent may reply with their own Part 36 offer. If this happens, your solicitor will advise you what to do.

Court settlements

If you cannot settle for a fair amount out of court, your solicitor will advise you on whether to start legal action. If the defendant says they are not liable for paying you compensation, your solicitor may advise you to go to court to challenge them and to ask the court to award you compensation.

Your guide to making a personal injury claim



The Law Society

Countdown to court

If you decide to take the matter to court, your case will be passed to a judge. That judge will then be in charge of the timetable for your case in court. The court will let you know the date of your hearing, and your solicitor will tell you about any preparations you need to make.

The thought of going to court may be daunting, but it is important to remember that by this stage your solicitor will have prepared your case in detail and will have explained to you exactly what to expect. Then it's just a question of waiting to hear the judgment and finding out if you have won and have been awarded what you were claiming.

Costs

Solicitors' fees

Charges can vary between solicitors. They depend on:

- the experience and knowledge of the solicitor; and
- the type and complexity of your case.

Before you decide who to use, check with a few different solicitors' firms to compare their charges and assess their experience at handling your type of case.

Your solicitor may ask you to pay their expenses to support your case as it progresses (for example, the cost of medical evidence). These expenses are known as 'disbursements'.

Covering your costs

There is no longer any legal aid for personal-injury cases in the UK. But if your case is successful, the respondent should pay most of your legal costs. This is because under English law the losing side pays most of the winning side's legal costs as well as their own. The question is: what if you lose?

There are several options available to make sure that you can cover your costs if this happens. Your solicitor may be prepared to work on a 'no win, no fee' basis, for example. This means that if your claim is unsuccessful, your solicitors do not charge you their fees. You can back this up by taking out a legal fees insurance policy. This will cover you for your solicitors' expenses and the defendant's fees and expenses.

Costs checklist

Your solicitor will normally take an active role in helping you to understand the costs of your case and how you can cover them. Here are the basic questions that you need to cover at your first meeting.

- How much is a case like this likely to cost, and how are the costs worked out?

- Can there be a 'no win, no fee' arrangement, or will the solicitor charge you by the hour?
- How will the fees be paid if you lose?
- Will you need insurance cover to protect you against the cost of legal fees?
- What other options are there for funding your case?

More information

This is one of a series of leaflets covering the most common types of legal services which solicitors provide. Other leaflets in the series are listed below. You can get them from your solicitor or by phoning the Law Society on 0870 3333 084.

Your guide to buying a home

Your guide to getting a divorce

Your guide to problems at work

Your guide to making a will

Your guide to setting up in business

Your guide to financial matters for the elderly

Your guide to setting up home with your partner

Your guide to renting out your property

Your guide to renting a home

Your guide to using a solicitor

Your guide to probate

Your guide to claiming asylum

**You can get this leaflet in large print,
in Braille, on audio tape and on CD.
If you need one of these versions, please
contact us by e-mail at
accessibility@lawsociety.org.uk
or phone **0870 606 2555**.**

**You can also get this leaflet in different
languages. You can get these by visiting our
website, www.lawsociety.org.uk.**

Lexcel

Look for Lexcel - the mark of excellence

